

# B.Sc - ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES COURSE REGULATIONS-2017

Renal Dialysis Technology



### **B.Sc - ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES**

#### **COURSE REGULATIONS-2017**

Renal Dialysis Technology

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## REGULATIONS FOR B.SC. (ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCE) COURSE: 2017

#### Introduction

B.Sc. (Allied Health Science), a (3-year course work + 1-year internship) program under the Faculty of Allied Health Sciences, is aimed at training students to prepare them as qualified physician assistants who will be able to meticulously assist the concerned specialist in handing the various illnesses. This program is a taught course that covers relevant topics and specialized areas of knowledge as opted. The aim of this B.Sc. Program is to provide a thorough training to the candidates through formal lectures and/or seminars and practical programs which culminate in a one year internship that finally prepares the student for the rigors of the medical world.

#### 1. Short Title and Commencement

These Regulations shall be called the "Regulations for B.Sc. (Allied Health Science) Course" of BIHER. These regulations shall be deemed to have come into force from the academic year 2017-18. These regulations are subject to modifications as may be approved by the Academic council from time to time.

#### 2. Eligibility for Admission

- a) A candidate desiring to join the (3-year course work + 1-year internship) programme, leading to the degree B.Sc. (Allied Health Science) should have passed the HSC/CBSE/ISC or equivalent examination with one of the following subject combinations:
- i) Physics, Chemistry, Biology
- ii) Physics, Chemistry, Botany and Zoology
- b) A candidate shall, at the time of admission submit to the Head of the Institution, a certificate of medical fitness from an authorized Medical Officer certifying that the candidate is physically fit to undergo the academic course and does not suffer from any disability or contagious disease.

#### 3. Age limit for admission

A candidate should have completed the age of 17 years as on 31s December of the year of admission.

#### 4. Eligibility Certificate

Candidates, who have passed any qualifying examination other than the Higher Secondary Course examination conducted by the Government of Tamil Nadu, shall obtain an Eligibility Certificate, from BIHER and produce the same at the time of admission.

#### 5. Registration

A candidate admitted to the course shall register his/her name with the University by submitting the application form for registration, duly filled in along with the prescribed fee, through the Head of the Institution within the stipulated date.

#### 6. Duration of the course

The duration of the B.Sc. (Allied Health Science) Degree Course shall be (3-year course work + 1-year internship) comprising of 8 (eight) semesters and one year (semesters 7 & 8) of compulsory internship. The candidate is required to pursue the course on a full time basis, and must complete the course within seven years from the date of provisional registration.

#### 7. Commencement of the Course

The course shall ordinarily commence on 1st August of the academic year. Admission for the said course shall be completed by 31st August.

#### 8. Curriculum

The first three years of the course will be utilized as follows:

The first two semesters will be spent on Pre and Para clinical subjects including Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Basics in Medical Physics, English, Computers, Microbiology, Pathology, Pharmacology, Environmental Science and Community Medicine and Nursing. At the beginning of the third semester students will be assigned to branch of Specialization, to which allotted and they will proceed with the specialty during the third, fourth, fifth and sixth semesters,

The fourth year of the course shall be compulsory internship in the respective specialty. The Syllabus for the course shall be as specified in the regulation.

#### 9. Medium of Instruction

English shall be the medium of instruction for all the subjects of study and for the examination.

#### 10. Working Days

In the case of I to VI semesters, each semester shall consist of not less than 100 working days and each academic year shall have a total of 200 working days or above. In the case of VII & VIII semesters, each semester shall have 140 working days.

#### 11. Attendance

The candidate shall have not less than 80% attendance in Theory and Practical separately. Each semester shall be taken as a unit for the purpose of calculating the attendance. The candidate lacking attendance in a subject shall be denied permission to appear for the University Examination in that subject.

#### 12. Condonation of Lack of Attendance

The discretionary power of condonation of shortage of attendance to appear for University Examination rests with the University.

Lack of attendance can be condoned up to a maximum of 5% of the minimum attendance required in the following exceptional circumstances:

- (i) Any illness / accident (for which Medical certificate from a registered medical practitioner must be produced)
- (ii) Any unforeseen tragedy in the family (should produce the letter from the parent/guardian)
- (iii) Participation in NCC/NSS and other co curricular activities representing the Institution / University. (Certificate from competent authority is required)

For any of the above reasons, request shall be made by the candidate with prescribed fees to the Controller of Examination through proper channel, ten days prior to the commencement of the theory examination.

#### 13. Commencement of the examinations

There shall be two sessions of University examinations in an academic year, viz., December and June.

#### 14. Cut-off dates for admission to the examinations

The candidates admitted from 1st August to 31st August of the academic year shall be registered to take their first semester examination in the month of December of the academic year after fulfilment of the stipulated regulations.

#### 15. Grading system

All assessments of a course shall be done on absolute marks basis. However, for the purpose of reporting the performance of a candidate, letter grades, each carrying certain points, will be awarded as per the range of total marks (out of 100) obtained by the candidate, as detailed below:

Marks	Grade Points	Letter grade
90-100	10.0	0
85-89	9.0	AA
80-84	8.5	AB
75-79	8.0	AC
70-74	7.5	ВА
65-69	7.0	ВВ
60-64	6.5	ВС
55-59	6.0	CA
50-54	5.5	СВ
45-49	5.0	CC
40-44	4.5	DA
0-39	0	RA
Incomplete	0	1
Not appeared	0	NA

"RA"	Reappearance	-	denotes failure and the candidate is required to reappear for that examination
"["	Incomplete	-	denotes not eligible to appear for the End- Semester examination.
"NA"	Not appeared examination although eligible	- ).	denotes that the student did not appear for the
"O"	Outstanding		

After results are declared, Grade Statement will be issued to each student which will contain the following details:

- The college in which the candidate has studied
- The list of subjects enrolled during the semester and the grades scored.
- The Credits awarded and accumulated.
- The Grade Point Average (GPA) for the semester and
- The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of all subjects enrolled from first semester onwards.

GPA is the ratio of, the sum of the products of the number of credits of subjects (C) and the grade points scored in those subjects (GP), to the sum of the credits of all the subjects in that semester.

CGPA will be calculated using the above formula, considering all the subjects enrolled from first semester onwards. "RA", "I" and "NA" grade will be excluded for calculating GPA and CGPA.

#### 16. Classification of successful candidates

The CGPA arrived at the completion of the course shall be the criteria for the classification of successful candidates as below:

CGPA (Percentage)	Classification
10.0 (90-100%)	First class with honours
8.0-9.9 (75-89%)	First class with Distinction
6.5 to 7.9 (60-74%)	First class
4.5 to 6.4 (40-59%)	Second class

a) Successful candidates who secure 75% marks and above as a course aggregate in the first appearance taking University theory, practical, project / dissertation evaluation and viva shall alone be awarded Distinction. This will also apply for award of University rank.

- b) Successful candidates who secure 60% marks and above as a course aggregate in the University theory, practical, project / dissertation evaluation and viva shall be awarded First Class.
- c) All others who secure 40-59% in gross percentage will be classified to have passed in Second Class.

#### 17. Continuous (Internal) Assessment

- a. Continuous (Internal) Assessment for Theory shall be the average of the best two out of three.
- b. Continuous (Internal) Assessment for Practical's shall be the average of the best two out of
- c. The minimum Internal Assessment will be 40% separately for Theory & Practical

#### 18. Semester – End Examination (University/Department)

- a) The examination in B.Sc. (Allied Health Science) shall consist of Written Theory examinations and Practical Examinations. The semester End Examination (University /Department) shall be conducted at the end of each semester.
- b) Papers for which Internal Examination is recommended by the Board of Studies and approved by the Academic Council, the following criteria shall be followed.
  - The weight age for Continuous (Internal) Assessment and Internal Examination (to be conducted by the respective department) shall be in the ratio of 25% and 75% respectively.
  - ii) The Continuous (Internal) Assessment marks shall be the average of the best two out of three. The date of Semester End Examinations (Internal examinations) shall be as per the University guidelines.

#### 19. EXAMINATION PATTERN (for all specialties) (with practical) – UNITERSITY EXAM.

A. Theory	Max. Marks – 60	Duration: 2 1/2 hrs
I. Essay Questions (2×10)	20 Marks	
II. Short Notes (8×5)	40 Marks	
B. Practical		
I. Practical (Including Oral)	20 Marks	
C. Continuous (Internal) Assessmen	nt	
I. Theory	10 Marks	
II. Practical	10 Marks	
Internal Examination		
Short Notes or Short Answers	8×5 = 40	
IA	= 10	
Total	50	

#### 20. Marks Qualifying for a Pass

For passing the University / End-semester Examination from Semester I to Semester VI, the candidate shall secure the marks as stated below.

- a) 40% minimum in the End-Semester examination as well as 40% aggregate marks (continuous assessment and End Semester examination). The minimum marks for internal assessment shall be 40%.
- b) For papers which are internally evaluated the same distribution of 25% for Continuous (Internal Assessment and 75% for Semester end Examination (which shall be conducted by the respective department) shall be followed.

#### 21. Carry-over of failed subjects

A candidate, who fails in any one or more of the first year subjects, shall be permitted to carry over the subjects to the second year. However a candidate should clear all the

Subjects of the second year along with the carried over subjects of the first year before getting promoted to the third year. The student shall start the Internship training (VII & VIII semester) only after he/she clears all the papers from Semester I to Semester VI.

#### 22. Revaluation of answer papers

There shall be no revaluation of answer papers of failed candidates. Failed candidates are however, permitted to apply to the University for retotaling within fifteen days of publication of the results for retotalling.

#### 23. Temporary break of study

- a) A Candidate is not normally permitted to temporarily break the study.
- b) If a candidate is continuously absent from the institute for one year without any information / permission.
  - i) Having notified the Dean/Director/Principal within this period, this absence shall be treated as "Temporary Break of Study".
  - ii) Without notifying the Dean/Director/Principal, his/her name will be removed from the institute rolls.
- c) If a candidate is compelled to temporarily break the study for valid reasons (such as accident or hospitalization due to prolonged ill health), he/she shall apply for condonation of the break to the Dean/Director/Principal through the Head of the Department.
- d) For condonable break of study:
  - i) If the lack of attendance is within condonable limits as per Clause No. 12 the candidate shall be permitted to write the examination for the current semester.
  - ii) If there is non-condonable lack of attendance, the candidate shall rejoin the program at the respective semester as and when it is offered after the break and shall be governed by the rules and regulations in force at the time of rejoining.

- e) The total period for completion of the programme reckoned from the commencement of the semester to which the candidate was first admitted shall not exceed the maximum period specified in Clause No. 6 irrespective of the period of break of study in order that he/she may be qualified for the award of the degree.
- f) In any case, a candidate shall be permitted to temporarily break the study only once during the entire duration of the program. The candidate shall forfeit the registration in case of a second break or in case of a non-condonable break of study.
- g) Without prejudice to the above rules, the candidate who has completed the attendance requirement for a semester, but has proceeded on a condonable break of study without appearing for the University Examination, shall be permitted to appear for the examinations without repeating the semester and thereafter continue the subsequent semester.

## SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017 B.Sc .ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES SEMESTER I (Common to all Courses)

S.No	)	Teaching Hrs Evaluation-University Examination {marks							
	Paper	L	Р	I.A.		Universi	ty Exam	Total (	Credits
				Т	Р	T	Р		
1.	Anatomy[UE}	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5
2.	Physiology[UE]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5
3.	Biochemistry [UE]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5
4.	Medical Physics[I.E]	60	20	10	-	-40	_	50	5
5.	English{I.E.}	60	-	10	-	-40	_	50	4
6.	Basics of Computers(i.e.]	30	30	10	-	-40	-	50	4
								Total	28

#### **SEMESTER II** (Common to all Courses)

S.No		Teaching Hrs Evaluation-University Examination {ma										
	Paper		_ P I.A.		University		Exam	Exam Total				
				Т	Р	Т	Р					
1.	Microbiology[U.E.]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5			
2.	Pathology [U.E.]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5			
3.	Pharmacology [U.E.]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5			
4.	Environmental Science &Community Med.[I.E.]	60	20	10	-	40	-	50	5			
5.	Basics of Nursing[I.E.]	60	-	10	_	40	-	50	4			
						Tota	Total no. of credits					

**U.E.-University Examination** 

I.E.-Internal Examination.

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department.

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

#### **SEMESTER-III**

	Н	rs/S	Sem			Eval	uation (Ma	arks)	
S.No	Paper	L	Р	Interna	luta mal		ty Exams/ ents*	Takal	Credits
		_		Assess		Exams	ents	Total	Credits
				T	Р	Т	Р		
1.	Applied Anatomy & Physiology related to Dialysis Technology – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4
2.	Applied Anatomy & Physiology related to Dialysis Technology – Practical(UE	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4
3.	Pharmacology related to Dialysis Technology – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4
4.	Pharmacology related to Dialysis Technology – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4
5.	Basic Principles of Hospital Management(IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4
6.	Comprehensive viva: Applied Anatomy & Physiology, Pharmacology related to Dialysis(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

**U.E.-University Examination** 

**Total Credits** 

25

I.E-Internal Examination

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department..

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

#### SEMESTER-IV

	Н	rs/S	Sem			Eval	uation (Ma	arks)	
S.No	Paper	L	Р	Interna Assess		Universi Departm Exams	ty Exams/ ents*	Total	Credits
				Т	Р	Т	Р		
1.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-I – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4
2.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-I – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4
3.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-II – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4
4.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-II – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4
5.	Health Care Management (IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4
6.	Clinical in concepts and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology: Comprehensive(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

U.E.-University Examination

I.E-Internal Examination

**Total Credits** 

25

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department..

**Total Credits** 

25

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

#### **SEMESTER-V**

	ŀ	Hrs/S	Sem			Evaluation (Marks)				
S.No	Paper		L P Internal Assessment		Universit Departme Exams	y Exams/ ents*	Total	Credits		
				Т	Р	Т	Р			
1.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4	
2.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4	
3.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I I– Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4	
4.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I I– Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4	
5.	Hospital Products, Promotion, Sales & Public relations (or) Physician's Office Management(IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4	
6	Clinicals in Dialysis Technology: Comprehensive viva(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5	

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

**U.E.-University Examination** 

I.E-Internal Examination.

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

#### **SEMESTER-VI**

Hrs/Sem						Evaluation (Marks)					
S.No	Paper	L	Р	Internal Assessment		University Exams/ Departments* Exams		Total	Credits		
				Т	Р	Т	Р				
1.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II Paper-I – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4		
2.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II Paper-I – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4		
3.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II - Paper-I I– Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4		
4.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II Paper-I I– Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4		
5.	Trauma & Cardiac Life Support(IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4		
6.	Clinicals in Dialysis Technology: Comprehensive viva(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5		

Total Credits

25

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

**U.E.-University Examination** 

I.E-Internal Examination.

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department.

#### **B.SC. ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCE 2017**

#### MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY

An ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCE professional is an important part of a multidisciplinary Health care team who provide support service and rehabilitation measures for the patients in the hospital.

Duration of the course: Three years followed by one year internship which is compulsory

Medium of instruction: ENGLISH

The first & second Semester syllabi for Allied Health sciences is common for all the courses.

#### FIRST YEAR: (Semester I & II)

MAIN SUBJECTS:								
Anatomy	Physiology	Biochemistry						
Pathology	Microbiology	Pharmacology						

#### SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS:

English, Computer, Medical physics, Environmental Science & Community, Medicine & Basics of Nursing.

Exams in subsidiary subjects shall be conducted at the college level and marks forwarded to the **university**.

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. Written tests-average of 2 tests, viva, assignments, aptitude, punctuality and Attitude.
- Log book-It will have the recordings, of all activities department and date wise including practical demonstrations. There will not be a practical record

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT MARKS:**

		Total	20
2.	Log book & Practical		10
1.	Written test etc		10

80% ATTENDANCE & 40% of INTERNAL ASSESSMENT marks are essential to appear for the University Examination

University Exams shall be conducted at the end of each semester. (JUNE & DEC)

#### **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION SEMESTER I**

## (COMMON TO ALL COURSES FOR ANAESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY, CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY, MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY, RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY, RADIOLOGY AND IMAGING SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY, PERFUSION TECHNOLOGY, RESPIRATORY CARE TECHNOLOGY)

S.No		Teach	ing Hr	s l	Evaluation-University Examination {marks}					
	Paper		L P I.A.			University Exam		Total Credits		
				T	Р	Т	Р			
1.	Anatomy[UE}	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5	
2.	Physiology[UE]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5	
3.	Biochemistry [UE]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5	
4.	Medical Physics[I.E]	60	20	10	-	-40	-	50	5	
5.	English{I.E.}	60	-	10	-	-40	-	50	4	
6.	Basics of Computers(i.e.]	30	30	10	-	-40	-	50	4	
								Total	28	

U.E.-University examination.

[These examinations shall be conducted by respective departments].

I.E.-Internal examination.

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS

#### SEMESTER - I

#### 1. ANATOMY (UE)

#### **UNIT I: Organization of the human body**

#### 1. Introduction

- Introduction to human body
- Definition and subdivision of anatomy
- Anatomical position and terminology
- Region and systems of the body
- · Cavities of the body and their contents
- · Levels of organization of the body

#### 2. Cell and genetics

- Parts of cell cell membrane, cytoplasm, organelles, inclusion bodies, nucleus
- Structure of chromosome, DNA, RNA.
- Basics & fundamentals of Genetics, Karyotyping, Chromosomal disorders, prenatal diagnosis, genetic counseling and gene therapy.
- Cell division Definition and main events that occur in different stages of mitosis and meiosis.
- Tissues Definition, characteristic features and types with example.
- · Types of glands with example

#### **UNIT II: Systems of support and movement**

#### 1. Skeletal system

- Cartilage: Type and basic histological feature.
- Bones: definition, classification based on location, name and number of bones with general feature of important bones, function of bone, histological feature of a compact bone.
- Joints Definition and types with example, Axis and movements. Shoulder, elbow, hip, knee joints type, bones and ligaments involved, possible movements.

#### 2. Muscular system

- · Types of muscle with basic histological features
- Parts of skeletal muscle.
- Definition of origin and insertion
- Origin, insertion, nerve supply, action of sternocleidomastoid, pectoralis major, deltoid, gluteus maximums and diaphragm.

#### **UNIT III: Controls systems of the body**

#### 1. Nervous system

- Subdivisions of the nervous system
- · Spinal cord-location, extent, external features and blood supply
- Brain-subdivision, location, external features of Medulla oblongata, Pons, Midbrain, Cerebellum, and Cerebrum, Thalamus and Hypothalamus, Location and subdivision of ventricles of brain. Circle of Willis.
- Cranial nerves-name, number, attachment, area of distribution
- Spinal nerves-typical spinal nerve. Name and location of plexuses. Location and distribution of brachial and lumbosacral plexus.
- Autonomic nervous system-sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. Location of pre-ganglionic and post-ganglionic neurons.

#### 2. Sense organs

Location and features of nose, tongue, eye, ear and skin.

#### 3. Endocrine system

- Names of the endocrine glands. Location and features of pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, suprarenal, pancreas, ovaries and testis. Names of hormones produced by each gland.
- Microscopic features of thyroid and pancreas.

#### **UNIT IV: Maintenance of the human body**

#### 1. Cardio vascular system

 Types and general features of blood vessels. Structure and types of arteries and veins. Shape, size, location, covering, external and internal features of Heart. Conducting system of heart. Blood supply of the heart. Name, location, branches and main distribution of principal arteries and veins

#### 2. Lymphatic system

• General features of Lymph node and lymphatic vessels. Name, location, external features, microscopic feature of tonsil and spleen.

#### 3. Respiratory system

• Name the organs of respiration. Location and features of Nasal cavity, pharynx, larynx, trachea, lung & pleura. Mention the microscopic feature of lung.

#### 4. Digestive system

 Name the parts of the alimentary canal and accessory organs. Location & features of esophagus, stomach, small and large intestine. Location and feature of tongue, salivary glands, pancreas, liver and gall bladder. Microscopic feature of liver.

#### 5. Urinary system

Names of urinary organs. Location and features of kidney, ureter, urinary bladder & urethra.
 Microscopic feature of kidney.

#### 6. Reproductive system

 Names of male and female organs of reproduction. Location and features of testis, epididymis, vas deferens, prostate gland and spermatic cord. Location & features of uterus, uterine tube, ovary and breast.

#### 7. Embryology

• Structure of gametes & gametogenesis. Fertilization to development of embryo till 3rd week. Derivatives of germ layers. Teratogens, Structure and Functions of placenta.

#### **UNIT V: Anatomical regions**

- Simple ideas about scalp, triangles of neck, axilla, cubital fossa, carpal tunnel, mediastinum, umbilicus, inguinal canal, femoral triangle
- Subsartorial canal popliteal fossa

#### PRACTICALS/DEMONSTRATIONS

- 1. Demonstrations of dissected specimens.
- 2. Viewing of projection of microscopic slides of muscle, bone, cartilage, spleen, tonsil, lung, liver, kidney, thyroid and pancreas

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Manipal manual for AHS by Dr. Sampath Madhyastha, (Second Edition) Published by CBS Publishers.
- 2. Handbook of anatomy for nurses by Dr. P. Saraswathi
- 3. Ross and Wilson, Anatomy and physiology in health & illness.

#### 2. PHYSIOLOGY (UE)

#### **UNIT-I**

#### 1. General Physiology:

- Concept of Homeostasis
- Cell structure and functions
- Transport across membranes
- Body and body fluids:
- · Body fluid volumes, compartments and composition
- · Blood composition and functions
- Plasma proteins Types and functions
- Erythrocytes functions, Erythropoiesis, anemias
- · Leucocytes classification and functions
- · Platelets morphology and functions
- Blood coagulation Mechanism and name of anticoagulants
- Blood groups Basis of ABO & Rh grouping, Erythroblastosis Foetalis

#### 2. Muscle physiology:

- Muscles Classification & structure of striated, nonstriated & cardiac muscle
- · Neuromuscular junction
- Mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction

#### 3. Digestive system:

- · Salivary glands, functions of saliva
- Parts of stomach, composition & functions of gastric juice
- Pancreatic Juice composition & functions
- Bile composition & functions of bile & bile salts
- · Functions of Small intestine & large intestine

#### **UNIT-II**

#### 1. Skin

Structure & Functions

#### 2. Excretory system:

Kidney: Basic physiological anatomy (Including JGA)

- · Formation of urine GFR
- Formation of urine Reabsorption & secretion
- Micturition Reflex
- Dialysis Principle, types
- · Renal function tests

#### **UNIT-III**

#### 1. Endocrine system:

- · Hypothalamo hypophyseal inter relationship
- · Posterior pituitary hormones and its actions
- Anterior pituitary hormones, Growth hormone Actions
- · Dwarfism, gigantism, acromegaly
- Thyroid hormones Actions
- · Cretinism, Myxoedema, Grave's disease (clinical features)
- · Parathyroid hormones Functions, Tetany
- Insulin, Glucagons Actions, Diabetes mellitus
- · Adrenal medullary hormones & their actions
- · Adrenal cortex hormones & their actions

#### 2. Reproductive system:

- Male reproductive organs Spermatogenesis, Testosterone actions
- Female reproductive organs menstrual cycle (endometrial and ovarian cycles) and its hormonal control
- · Contraceptive methods in male and female

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### 1. Respiratory system:

- Basic physiological anatomy
- Surfactant
- · Mechanics of respiration
- Lung volumes and capacities
- Oxygen transport, Carbon-di-oxide transport
- · Nervous and chemical regulation
- · Pulmonary function tests.

#### 2. Cardiovascular system:

- Basic physiological anatomy, innervations of heart
- · ECG normal waves, intervals and their significance
- · Cardiac cycle mechanical events, Heart sounds
- · Blood pressure Definition, measurement, normal values, factors maintaining BP Regulation

#### **UNIT-V**

#### 1. Nervous system:

- · Structure of neuron, neuroglial cells, synapse and transmission across it
- Reflex Components of reflex arc, examples.
- Functions of ascending tracts anterior, lateral spinothalamic tracts, Dorsal column
- Functions of Corticospinal (Phyramidal) tract-Descending tract
- · Functional areas of cerebral cortex
- · Functions of basal ganglia, thalamus, hypothalamus, limbic system and cerebellum

#### 2. Special senses:

· Receptors for various special senses

#### **Practical Demonstration**

#### Haematology:

- 1. Enumeration of RBC count.
- 2. Enumeration of WBC count.
- 3. Differential Count.
- 4. Estimation of Hemoglobin.
- 5. Determination of blood group.
- 6. Determination of bleeding time and clotting time.

#### Clinical physiology:

- 1. Measurement of blood pressure.
- 2. Determination of Radial pulse

#### REFERENCE BOOK

1. Human Physiology for BDS by A.K.Jain, 4th Edition, Avichal publishing co

#### 3. BIOCHEMISTRY (UE)

#### UNIT I - Cell and its molecules

**Cell** – Cell organelles, Fluid Mosaic Model, functions of cell membrane, Brief description of transport across the cell membrane.

**Carbohydrates** – Definition, Classification with examples, Sources, physiological significance and HbA1c.

**Lipids** – Definition, Classification with examples, Sources, Types of lipids present in the body, storage form, storage site, free cholesterol structure, functions of lipids, lipoprotein structure and its functions.

**Nucleic acids** – Nucleotide, Nucleoside, types of nucleic acids, secondary structure of DNA & Its functions; Types of RNA & its functions.

#### UNIT II – Proteins and Enzymes

**Proteins** – Definition, Classification, functions of proteins, Plasma proteins; Classification of Aminoacids with examples

Hemoglobin structure, Functions of hemoglobin, hemoglobin derivatives, Abnormal hemoglobin

**Enzymes:** Definition, Classification, coenzymes, Metalloenzymes, Factors affecting enzyme activity, Regulation of enzymes, over view of Mechanism of enzyme action, Isoenzymes and Clinical importance of enzymes

#### **UNIT III-Vitamins, Minerals, Nutrition**

Vitamins: Definition, Classification of Vitamins

Sources, RDA, Function & Deficiency symptoms of

- Fat Soluble Vitamins (A, D, E & K);
- Water Soluble Vitamins (Thiamine, Riboflavin, Niacin, Biotin, Pantothenic acid, Pyridoxine, Folic acid, Cobalamine) and Vitamin C

Minerals: Definition, Classification of Minerals

Sources, RDA, Function, Reference levels & Deficiency Symptoms of

 Calcium, Phosphorus, Iron Copper, Zinc, Sodium, Chloride, Iodine, Potassium, Fluorine and Selenium.

Nutrition: BMR, SDA, Dietary fibres, protein Energy Malnutrition and Obesity

#### UNIT IV – Bioenergetics and Metabolism

Bioenergetics: Electron Transport chain and Oxidative Phosphorylation

#### Metabolism

**Carbohydrates:** Digestion and absorption, Glycolysis, TCA cycle, Metabolism of Fructose and Galactose.

**Lipids**: Digestion and absorption, Beta oxidation of fatty acids, Regulation of Cholesterol level in the cell and outline of lipid transport.

**Proteins:** Digestion and Absorption, Formation and Disposal of Ammonia, Urea Cycle, Special Products of Glycine, Tyrosine and Tryptophan.

#### UNIT V - Miscellaneous

Outlines of DNA organization, Replication, Transcription, Genetic code and Translation

Organ function Tests: Liver, Renal and Bone.

#### **PRACTICAL**

Spotters

#### **REFERENCE BOOK**

1. Essentials of Biochemistry by Satyanarayana, Current edition and Allical publishers.

#### 4. BASICS IN MEDICAL PHYSICS AND ELECTRONICS (UE)

#### **UNITI: Laser**

Nature of light-Reflection-Refraction-Total internal reflection-Optical fibers-Applications in Medicine – Laser-Principles-Action-Types of laser, Basic principles of laser in Medical Application – Argon-Iron laser photo coagulator-Photo thermal-Photochemical application-Applications of laser in Medicine-Laser hazards and safety measures

#### **UNIT II: Radiation Physics**

Introduction to nuclear physics and radioactivity, Radioactive radiations – X-ray, production of x-ray, Properties of x-ray radiations – Biological effects of radiation, Radiation damage in matter, Radiation protection principles, radiation detection and measurement – Ultrasound and generation of ultrasound.

#### **UNIT III: Introduction to Imaging Technique**

Principles of Microscope: Simple microscope and compound microscope-Radiography: Making and X-ray image-Fluoroscopy. CT Scans, MRI – Ultrasonagraphy: Ultrasound picture of Body-A-Scan-M-Scan-Ultrasound diathermy-Phonocaridography – Radio isotopes: Uses of Radio isotopes – 99mTc Generator – Scintillation detectors – Application of scintillation detectors – Gamma Camera – Positron Camera

#### **UNIT IV: Semiconductor devices**

Principles of diodes and Transistors – Integrated circuits – Amplifiers – Basic configuration and types – differential and operational amplifiers – Waveform generators – Timer – A/D and D/A converters – Active filters – Transducers – Basic configuration and types.

#### **UNIT V: Biopotential Recording Systems**

Introduction to bioelectric potential – Electrodes and surfaces – Biopotential amplifier – Frequency ranges of various biopotential signals – Working principles of bio potential recording systems – Electrocardiography – Electroencephalograph – Electromyography.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. New Understanding physics for advanced level Jim Breithauput.
- 2. Advanced Physics for you by Keith Johnson, Simmons hewett, Sue holt, John miller
- 3. Christensen's Physics of diagnostic Radiology by Thaomas S. Curry III, M.D., Robert C Murry, Jr. Phd., Dow Dey, Phd.
- 4. Applied Electronics, A. Subramanyam, The National Publishing co., Madras (1996).
- 5. Design and Development of Medical Electronic Instrumentation, David Prutchi and Michael Norris, John Wiley & Sons (2005).

#### 5. ENGLISH (IE)

#### **UNITI**: Spoken Communication

Learning to reiad the phonetic symbols

Stress

Intonation

Rhythm

Commonly mispronounced words

Correct pronunciation of important commonly used

words in hospital practice

#### UNIT II: Vocabulary and Reading

Special features of English vocabulary

Common errors in choice of word

Semi technical vocabulary

Collecting material from library on scientific topics

Comprehensive exercises

#### **UNIT III: Writing**

Writing letters regarding permission, leave, opening bank account etc.

Taking notes from lecture / reading materials

Writing reports on patient care

Summarizing scientific passages

#### **UNIT IV:** Grammatical and Idiomatic Usage

Correction of errors

Types of interrogative sentences

Active-Passive voice

Tense

Principles of procession, clarity and specific it

#### 6. BASIC OF COMPUTERS (IE)

#### UNIT I: INTRODUCTION

Computer basics – Types of computers – hardware components – input devices – output devices – storage devices – memory – units and sizes – factors affecting performance – operating systems – applications software – networking – LAN and WAN – Accessories – backup – computer virus – software copyright.

#### **UNIT II: WORD PROCESSING**

Windows – Office automation – WORD processor – open a new document – toolbars – menus – font dialog box – enter text – scroll – spelling checker – Autocorrect – undo and redo – bullets and numbered lists – indenting – moving and copying – find and replace – autoshapes – saving document – preview and print.

#### UNT III: ELECTRONIC SPREADSHEET AND DATA PRESENTATION

EXCEL spreadsheet – grid of rows and columns – active cell – selecting range – entering data – editing data – row and column labels – adjusting width – creating and copying formulae – relative – logical functions – lookup function – creating chart – bar chart – pit chart – print and save.

POWERPOINT presentation – creating slide shows- building outline – switching levels in outline – adding pictures – slide designs – design templates – formatting – color scheme – customized backgrounds – inserting content – hyperlink – revolution in education.

#### **UNIT IV: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

ACCESS database – concept – template –primary key – records and fields – Student roster database – input mask – adding records – viewing data – updating entries – searching and querying – sorting – Table, forms and reports.

#### UNIT V: APPLICATIONS IN HEALTH CARE AND MEDICINE

INTERNET – e-governance – access to information – communication facility – mechanics of E-mail – social transformation – electronic billing – drug information – information flow in lab and radiology – storage of medical records – networking the organization – patient care – intelligent monitoring – scholarly information – health informatics – robotic assisted surgery – Clinical decision support systems – Telemedicine.

#### REFERENCES BOOKS

- 1. Peter Norton., Introduction to Computers. 7th Edition, Tata Mcgraw hill Education Private Limited 2010.
- 2. Gary B. Shelly, Thomas J. Cashman, Misty E. Vermaat., Microsoft Office 2007. 1st Edition, Delmar Cengage Learning 2010.

#### **B.SC. ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCE 2017**

#### **SCHEME OF EXAMINATION SEMESTER II**

# (COMMON TO ALL COURSES FOR ANAESTHESIA TECHNOLOGY, CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY, MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY, RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY, RADIOLOGY AND IMAGING SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY, PERFUSION TECHNOLOGY, RESPIRATORY CARE TECHNOLOGY)

#### **SEMESTER II** (Common to all Courses)

S.No			Teaching Hrs Evaluation-University Examination {marks}							
	Paper		Р	I.A.		University Exam		Total Credits		
				Т	Р	Т	Р			
1.	Microbiology[U.E.]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5	
2.	Pathology [U.E.]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5	
3.	Pharmacology [U.E.]	60	20	10	10	60	20	100	5	
4.	Environmental Science &Community Med.[I.E.]	60	20	10	-	40	-	50	5	
5.	Basics of Nursing[I.E.]	60	-	10	_	40	-	50	4	
						To	tal no. of	al no. of credits		

#### **RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY**

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### SEMESTER - II

#### 1. MICROBIOLOGY (UE)

#### **UNIT – I: General Bacteriology**

Introduction & History of Microbiology, Classification & Morphology of Bacteria, Growth & nutrition, Culture Media & Methods, Sterilization & Disinfection, Fundamental aspects of antibacterial agents and antimicrobial susceptibility testing.

#### **UNIT – II: Immunology**

Infection, Immunity, Immunization schedule, applications of antigen antibody reactions, Hypersensitivity, Tumor & Transplantation Immunology.

#### UNIT - III: Virology

Introduction to virology, viral hepatitis, poliomyelitis, Rabies, Human immunodeficiency virus.

#### UNIT – IV: Mycology & Parasitology

Introduction to mycology, pathogenic yeasts & fungi, Introduction to parasitology, Amoebiasis, Malaria, Helminthic infections.

#### UNIT-V: Applied Microbiology

Outline of common bacterial diseases, treatment & prevention-Respiratory tract infections (upper & lower), Meningitis (septic & aseptic), Enteric infections (food poisoning & gastro enteritis), Anaerobic infections, Skin & soft tissue infections, Urinary tract infections, Sexually transmitted diseases, Tuberculosis & Leprosy, Hospital acquired infections, Biomedical waste management.

#### **PRACTICAL EXERCISES:** Spotters, Gram staining.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Textbook of Microbiology by Ananthanarayan & Panicker's, 8th edition-Universities Press (India) PVT LTD.
- 2. Textbook of Microbiology by C. P. Baveja, 4th edition, Arya Publications.
- 3. Textbook of Medical Parasitology, CK Jayaram Paniker, 5th edition, Jaypee Publications.
- 4. Medical Parasitology by C. P. Baveja & V. Baveja, 2nd edition, Arya
- Publications.

#### 2. PATHOLOGY (UE)

**UNIT-I:** General Pathology I: Cellular Pathology, Acute and Chronic Inflammation, Tissue Renewal Regeneration and Repair, Hemodynamic Disorders Thromboembolic Disease And Shock

Introduction to Pathology, Adaptations Of Cellular Growth And Differentiation, Causes Of Cell Injury, Mechanisms Of Cell Injury, Necrosis, Apoptosis, Pathologic Calcification, Cellular Aging, Acute Inflammation – Mediators Of Inflammation Outcomes Of Acute Inflammation, Morphologic Patterns Of Acute Inflammation, Chronic Inflammation – Causes Of Chronic Inflammation, Granulomatous Inflammation, Healing By Repair, Scar formation And Fibrosis, Cutaneous Wound Healing, Healing By First Intention, Healing By Second Intention, Edema, Hemostasis and Thrombosis, Infarction, Shock

**UNIT-II:** General Pathology II: Diseases of the Immune System, Neoplasia, Environmental And Nutritional Disease, Diseases Of Infancy And Childhood

Innate Immunity, Adaptive Immunity, Components Of The Immune System, Mechanisms Of Hypersensitivity Reactions, Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS), Neoplasia – Definition and Nomenclature, Characteristics Of Benign And Malignant Neoplasms, Molecular Basis Of Cancer, Essential Alterations For Malignant Transformation, Clinical Aspects Of Neoplasia, Laboratory Diagnosis Of Cancer, Common Environmental And Nutritional Pathology, Nutritional Diseases, Tumors And Tumor-Like Lesions Of Infancy And Childhood

**UNIT-III:** Systemic Pathology I: Blood Vessels, the Heart, Red Blood Cell and Bleeding Disorders, Diseases Of White Blood Cells

Arteriosclerosis, Atherosclerosis, Hypertensive Vascular Disease, Ischemic Heart Disease, Hypertensive Heart Disease, Valvular Heart Disease, Infective Endocarditis, Rheumatic Fever And Rheumatic Heart Disease, Cardiomyopathies, Leukopenia, Anemias, Polycythemia, Bleeding Disorders, Reactive Proliferations Of White Cells, Definitions And Classifications of Lymphoid Neoplasms and Myeloid Neoplasms, Splenomegaly.

**UNIT-IV:** Systemic Pathology II: The Lung, The Gastrointestinal Tract, Liver And Biliary Tract

Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome, Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases, Pulmonary Infections, Gastritis, Peptic Ulcer Disease, Inflammatory Bowel Diseases, Liver Function Tests, Hepatic Failure, Cirrhosis, Portal Hypertension, Jaundice, Cholelithiasis

**UNIT-V:** Systemic Pathology III: The Urogenital System, The Breast, The Endocrine System, Bones Joints And Soft-Tissue, Peripheral Nerve And Skeletal Muscle, The Central Nervous System

Renal Function Tests, Nephrotic Syndrome, Nephritic Syndrome, Urolithiasis, Pap Smear, Carcinoma Of The Breast-Types And Classification, Thyroid Gland – Hyperthyroidism, Hypothyroidism, Thyroiditis, Graves Disease, Diffuse And Multinodular Goiters, Parathyroid Glands – Hyperparathyroidism, Hypoparathyroidism, Diabetes Mellitus, Fractures, Osteomyelitis, Arthritis, Osteoarthritis, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Infectious Arthritis, Diseases of Peripheral Nerve, Diseases of Skeletal Muscle, Infections of CNS – CSF Findings

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Pocket companion to Pathologic Basis of Disease by Robbins and Cotran, 7th edition, Saunders.
- 2. Pathology Quick Review and MCQs by Harsh Mohan, 2nd edition, Jaypee Publications.

#### 3. PHARMACOLOGY (UE)

#### **UNIT-I: General Pharmacology**

Introduction to pharmacology-various terminologies-sources & routes of drug administration – Absorption & Factors modifying drug absorption – Distribution of drugs – Metabolism: Phase II, - Excretion: routes, modes & kinetics of elimination – Excretion – Mechanism of drug action in brief, synergism & antagonism and Factors modifying drug action – Adverse drug reactions – ADR reporting & monitoring – Drug interactions.

#### **UNIT-II: Central Nervous System & Respiratory System**

Introduction to CNS and Neurotransmitters, drugs used in insomnia, Sedatives and hypnotics – diazepam – alprazolam, anti anxiety drugs, Antiepileptics – phenytoin, carbamazepine, sodium valproate, General Anesthetics – halothane, isoflurane, sevoflurane – Local Anesthetics – lignocaine – list of other drugs, Alcohols – ethyl alcohol – disulfuram, Anti parkinsonians – levodopa – carbidopa, Opioids – morphine – naloxone – tramadol – pentazocine, NSAIDs – aspirin – diclofenac – ibuprofen – paracetamol – cox 2 inhibitors. Drugs used in bronchial asthma and cough

#### UNIT-III: Cardio vascular system & blood

Drugs used in Ischemic Heart Disease-nitrates-Calcium channel blockers-nifedipine, verapamil-list of other drugs — Beta blockers — propronolol, atenolol — metoprolol and antiplatelets — aspirin, clopidogrel, and names of other drugs-fibrinolytic drugs-streptokinase and other drugs, Drugs used in CCF-digoxin and list of other drugs useful in CCF, Shock. Diuretics: 4 groups — Thiazides, Loop diuretics, Potassium sparing and osmotic diuretics. Hypertension — outline of drugs used in hypertension, Renin angiotensin system — ACE inhibitors — captopril, ramipril and names of other drugs — Receptor antagonist — losartan and list of other drugs, Antiarrhythmic drugs-classification — Quinidine, Lignocaine and amiodaron — Drugs for Hypercholesterolemia — statins. Drugs for anemia — oral & parenteral iron preparations, folic acid, vit B12 and erythropoietin. Coagulants and anti coagulants

#### **UNIT-IV: Hormones and GIT**

Contraceptives – oral and injectable, Corticosteroids – glucocorticoids – hydrocortisone-prednisolone-dexamethasone and names of topical steroids – Insulin – Oral hypoglycemic – sulphonyl ureas, biguanides and others, Thyroid and Antithyroid drugs, Sex Hormones-Estrogen and anti estrogens, Progestin and Anti progestins, Androgen And anti androgens.

Emetics and anti emetics-metoclopromide and domperidone, Drugs used in peptic ulcer, constipation-lactulose & Diarrhea-ORS-Loperamide.

#### **UNIT-V: Chemotherapy and Miscellaneous**

Introduction – Beta lactum antibiotics: Penicillins – natural, semi synthetic penicillins – amoxicillin – cloxacillin-clauvulinic acid – sulbactum – Cephalosporins – cephalexin – cefuroxime – cefixime – ceftrioxone-cefipime, Broad spectrum antibiotics – Doxycycline – chloramphenicol-imipenum-Macrolides – erythromycin, azithromycin and others – Quinolones- ciprofloxacin and list of other drugs and sulfonamides- cotrimoxazole-Amino glycosides-gentamycin, amikacin and names of

other drugs Anti TB-first line drugs, Anti leprosy-dapsone and clofazimine Anti malarial- chloroquine-mefloquine and artemisinins, Anti fungal- amphotericin B- fluconazole and topical drugs & Anti viral drugs- acyclovir and anti HIV, Anti protozoals- metronidazole – Anthelmintics- albendazole-praziquantel.

Anti cancer drugs-Introduction – Anti metabolites- methotrexate- 6 mercapto purine- Alkylating agents- cyclophosphamide- busulphan and cisplatin – Plant products- vinblatin- vincristine-taxanes, antibiotics-actinomycin D- monoclonal antibodies.

Immuno modulators- cyclosporine, tacrolimus, azathioprine and steroids.

Toxicology-Drugs used in common poisoning, organophosphates, methyl alcohol, Benzodiazepam.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews: Pharmacology, 5th edition, by Richard A. Harvey and Pamela C. Champe, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publisher
- 2. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology: K.D. Tripathi, 6th edition, Jaypee Publishers.

#### 4. ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND COMMUNITY MEDICINE (IE)

#### UNIT-I:

Natural Resources: Introduction, Multi-disciplinary nature of environmental studies, Earth Resources and Man, Renewable And Non-Renewable Resources, Water Resources, Mineral Resources: Food Resources: Effect of modern agriculture, Fertilizer/pesticide problems, Water logging, nd salinity, Energy Resources.

**Ecosystems:** Concept of an Ecosystem, Structure And Functions of an Ecosystem, Producers, Consumers and Decomposers, Cycles in the Ecosystem

**Biodiversity:** Introduction, Definition: Genetic, Species, Ecosystem diversity, India as a Mega Diversity Nation, Hotspots Of Biodiversity Threats to Biodiversity. Poaching of Wildlife, Man-Wildlife Conflicts, Endangered and Endemic Species Of India, Conservation of Biodiversity

#### UNIT-II:

**Pollution:** Definition, Causes, Effects and Control Measures of Air Pollution, Water Pollution, Pollution, Marine Pollution, Noise Pollution, Thermal Pollution, Nuclear hazards, Solid Waste Management role of Individuals in Pollution Prevention.

Social Issues Human, Population and Environment: From Unsustainable To Sustainable Development, Urban Problems Related To Energy, Water Conservation, rain Water Harvesting, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and nuclear holocaust. Environment Protection Act.

#### UNIT-III:

Concept of health & disease: Concept of health, Definition of health, Philosophy of health-Dimension of health - Concept of well being, Spectrum of health, Responsibility of health - Determinates of health & Indicators of health - Concepts of disease & Concepts of cessation - Natural history of disease - Iceberg phenomenon, Concepts of control - Concepts of prevention - Modes of Intervention, Changing pattern of disease.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Epidemiology:** Definition & explanation, Aims, Epidemiologic approach, Basic measurements in epidemiology & tools of measurements – Measurements of Mortality & Morbidity, Epidemiologic methods- Descriptive epidemiology-Analytical epidemiology – case control study – analytical epidemiology – Cohort study – Experimental epidemiology – RCT – Association & Causation Uses of epidemiology (Criteria for judging causality) – Infection disease epidemiology Definitions Dynamic of disease transmission & Modes of transmission – Disinfection – Definition Types Agents used Recommended disinfection procedures-Investigation of an epidemic.

#### UNIT-V:

Environment & health: Definition & components (environment sanitation environmental sanitation) Water: Safe & Whole some water Requirements Uses source of water supply (sanitary well)-

Purification of water (1). Large scale purification, (2). Small scale purification – Water Quality – Special treatment of water

**Air:** Composition The air of occupied room discomfort. Air pollution & its effects. Prevention & Control of air pollution

**Ventilation:** Definition Standards of ventilation Types of ventilation. Light, Noise & Radiation, Metrological environment, Housing, Disposal of waste Excreta disposal

## **PRACTICALS:**

- 1. Epidemiology Problems
- 2. Environmental spotters

## **REFERENCE BOOK**

1. Textbook of Preventive and Social medicine by k. Park, 21st edition, published by Banarsidas Bhanot

## 5. BASICS OF NURSING (IE)

## **CONTENTS**

#### **UNIT I: Introduction of Health**

Health care system, major health problems of the country, nature of disease pattern, technological advances and national health programmes, health for all by 2000 AD. Role of health care workers in the health care delivery system, impact of illness of the individual family and community.

History of Nursing

#### Communication Skills

Relationship with patients, process of communication

## **UNIT II: Concept of Nursing**

**Nursing Processes** 

Problems solving approach, assessment, diagnosis, planning, implementation and evaluation.

## **UNIT III: First Aid and Nursing in Emergencies**

Definition, basic principles, scope and rules

Wounds, haemorrhages, shock, fracture, dislocation and muscle injuries, respiratory emergencies, resuscitation, unconsciousness, Miscellaneous conditions, burns, scalds, foreign bodies in the skin, eyes, ear, nose, throat and stomach.

Frost bite, effects of heart cramps, bites and stings.

Poisoning

Transporting injured persons.

### **UNIT IV: Personal Hygiene and Health**

Care of skin, mouth, eyes, nails, hair

Menstrual hygiene, clothing, mental health, common health problems of poor personal hygiene.

Comfort, Rest and Sleep

Hospital Housekeeping

#### **UNIT V: Health Education**

Introduction to principles and methods of health education. Use of audio visual aids, mass education, role of nurse in health education.

## LIST OF BOOKS

## **Anatomy**

- Manual of Anatomy and Physiology Prof. P.Saraswathi (Vengadam Publishers, Phone no: 044-26263469)
- 2. BD Chaurasia: Gemera; human anatomy

## **Physiology**

Basics of Medical Physiology (Third edition) by D. Venkatesh/H.H. Sudhakar

## **Psychology**

- 1. Textbook of Biochemistry for Paramedical Students By Dr. P. Ramamoorthy
- 2. Essentials of Biochemistry by U. Sathyanarayana

## **Psychology**

- Psychology The Sciences of Behaviour Fifth edition 1982 Neil Carlson William Bulkist – Allyn and Bacon.
- 2. Psychology made simple Abraham Sperling, Ph. D -Advisory editor M.S. Gill. MA, Ph. D- 'Made simple books' W.H. Allen, London.

## Elements of health and nursing principles

1. Clint & Geraldine, 2011, Potter and Perry's fundamentals of Nursing, Elsevier publications.

## **English**

- 1. Effective English Communication by Krishna Mohan and Meenakshi Raman, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi. (Approx. Cost Rs. 200)
- 2. English for colleges and Competitive Exams by Dr. R. dyvadatham, Emerald Publishers (Approx. cost Rs. 150)

## **Microbiology**

- 1. Prof C P Baveja Text book of Microbiology.
- 2. Satish Gupte Text Book of Microbiology

#### **Pathology**

1. Textbook of Pathology, Harsh Mohan, 3rd edition

## **Pharmacology**

1. Prep Manual for Undergraduates in Pharmacology by Tara V Shanbag, 2nd edition

2. Pharmacology for Dental and Allied Health Sciences by Padmaja Udaykumar, 3rd edition

## **Medical Physics**

- 1. Basic Radiological physics K. Thayalan, Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. Lasers and optical fibre communications-P. Sarah, I.K. Internation publishing House Pvt, Ltd. New Delhi.

## **Community Medicine**

1. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine-23rd Edition

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

## **SEMESTER-III**

	Н	Irs/Sem				Evaluation (Marks)				
S.No	Paper	L	Р	Interna			ty Exams/	Total	Credits	
			P	Assessment		Departments* Exams		TOtal	Credits	
				Т	Р	Т	Р			
1.	Applied Anatomy & Physiology related to Dialysis Technology – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4	
2.	Applied Anatomy & Physiology related to Dialysis Technology – Practical(UE	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4	
3.	Pharmacology related to Dialysis Technology – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4	
4.	Pharmacology related to Dialysis Technology – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4	
5.	Basic Principles of Hospital Management(IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4	
6.	Comprehensive viva: Applied Anatomy & Physiology, Pharmacology related to Dialysis(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5	

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

**U.E.-University Examination** 

I.E-Internal Examination

**Total Credits** 

25

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department..

# B.SC. ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES 2017 RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY

#### **SYLLABUS**

## SEMESTER - III

# 1. APPLIED ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY THEORY (UE)

## **Course Objective**

An outline of anatomy and physiology will be provided to improve the students understanding of the technical and diagnostic procedures used with special emphasis on applied aspects.

## Unit I: Gross structures of excretory system

- Structure of kidney
- Structure of ureter & urinary bladder
- Structure of Nephron, renal corpuscle, glomerular apparatus, proximal tubule, loop of Henle, distal tubule and collecting tubule

## Unit II: Vascular supply of excretory system

- Renal Artery
- Renal vein
- Sub clavian vein
- Femoral vein
- Jugular vein
- Radial artery
- Innervations of kidney and urinary bladder
- Peritoneum in general

## Unit III: Physiology related to dialysis technology – Mechanism of urine formation

- Filtration
- Reabsorption
- Concentration
- Dilution and acidification

## Unit IV: Functions of excretory system

- Excretory and regulatory functions
- Metabolic and endocrine functions
- Physiology of bladder function
- Renal function test
- Micturition
- Types of bladder dysfunction

## Unit V: Regulatory functions of excretory system

- · Role of kidney in blood pressure regulation in health and diseases
- Role of peritoneum in peritoneal dialysis
- Mechanism of blood formation and regulation
- Role of kidney in bone formation
- · Other endocrine functions of the kidney
- Body fluids and electrolytes and their regulation in health and disease
- Disorders of water metabolism (Potassium, Sodium, Phosphate, Calclum)
- · Role of kidney in acid-base balance

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

Hand book of Anatomy – P. Saraswathi

Human Anatomy - B.D. Chaurasias

Human physiology – A.K.Jain

Anatomy and physiology in health and illness – Ross and Willson

Gray's anatomy for the students – Richard L. Drake

# 2. APPLIED ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PRACTICAL (UE)

## **Course Objective**

An outline of anatomy and physiology will be provided to improve the students understanding of the technical and diagnostic procedures used with special emphasis on applied aspects.

#### **GROSS SPECIMENS / SPOTTERS**

- Kidney
- Ureter
- Urinary bladder

#### CHARTS/SPOTTERS

- Renal corpuscle
- Glomerular apparatus
- Nephrone (proximal tubule, loop of Henle, distal tubule and collecting tubule)
- Renal Artery, Renal vein, Subclavian vein, femoral vein, Jugular veine, radial artery,
- Innervations of kidney and urinary bladder,
- Peritoneum in general
- Functions of excretory system (Excretory, regulatory, Metabolic and endocrine functions)
- Renal function tests
- Physiology of bladder function
- Miturition
- Types of bladder dysfunction
- Mechanism of urine formation
- Role of kidney in blood pressure regulation in health and diseases
- Role of peritoneum in peritoneal dialysis
- Mechanism of blood formation and regulation
- Role of kidney in bone formation
- Other endocrine functions of the kidney

- Body fluids and electrolytes and their regulation in health and disease
- Disorders of water metabolism (Potassium, Sodium, Phosphate, Calcium)
- Role of kidney in acid-base balance.

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks -60

- 1. SPOTTERS-10 (10X2=20)
- 2. CHARTS/STATIONS 5 (5X4=20)
- 3. VIVA-20

# 3. PHARMACOLOGY RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY - THEORY (UE)

## **Course Objective**

The course will cover general pharmacology with special emphasis on common drugs used, route of administration, type of formulations, dose and frequency of administration, side effects and toxicity, management of toxic effects, drug interactions, knowledge of chemical and trade names, importance of manufacturing and expiry dates and instruction about handling each drug.

## Unit I: Common drugs used in renal medicine

- I.V. Fluids in renal patient
- Diuretics
- Antihypertensives
- Steroids
- Azthioprine
- Cyclosporine
- · Cyclosphosphamide
- Vit-D analogs
- Erythropoietin
- Antibiotics
- Chemicals used in the dialysis room including composition and mechanism of action
- Hemodialysis concentrate
- · Peritoneal dialysis fluid
- Replacement fluids for CRRT
- Chemicals used for sterilization including formaldehyde, Hydrogen peroxide and its mechanism of action
- Vaccines used in dialysis patients Hepatitis B
- Fluids used in peritoneal dialysis

#### Unit II: Cardio vascular drugs & inotropic drugs

Digoxin

- Betablockers
- Dopamine
- Dobutamine
- Adrenaline,
- Isoprenaline

## **Unit III: Vasodilators**

- Nitro-glycerine
- Nitroprusside

## Unit IV: Drugs affecting coagulation

- Heparin
- Protamin

## **Unit V: Other drugs**

- Bicarbonate
- Potassium
- Magnesium,
- Steroid,
- Antihistamine

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**

Medical pharmacology – Padmaja Udaykumar

Tripathi – Pharmacology

# 4. PHARMACOLOGY RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY - PRACTICAL (UE)

## **Course Objective**

The course will cover general pharmacology with special emphasis on common drugs used, route of administration, type of formulations, dose and frequency of administration, side effects and toxicity, management of toxic effects, drug interactions, knowledge of chemical and trade names, importance of manufacturing and expiry dates and instruction about handling each drug.

#### SPOTTERS AND CHARTS

- I.V. Fluids in renal patient
- Diuretics
- Antihypertensives
- Steroids
- Azthioprine
- · Cyclosporine and Cyclosphosphamide
- Vit-D analogs
- Erythropoietin
- IV iron
- Antibiotics
- Chemicals used in the dialysis room including composition and mechanism of action
- Hemodialysis concentrate
- Peritoneal dialysis fluid
- · Replacement fluids for CRRT
- Chemicals used for sterilization (Formaldehyde, Hydrogen peroxide, Cltrosterile, Renaline)
- Vaccines used in dialysis patients Hepatitis B
- Fluids used In peritoneal dialysis
- (Digoxine, Betablockers, Dopamine, Dobutamine, Adrenaline, Isoprenaline)
- Vasodilators (Nitro-glycerine, Nitroprusside)
- Anticoagulation (Heparin)

- Protamin
- Bicarbonate
- Electrolytes (Potassium, Magnesium)
- Antihistamine

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks - 60

- 1. SPOTTERS-10(10X2)
- 2. CHARTS/STATIONS 5 (5X4=20)
- 3. VIVA-20

## 5. BASIC PRINCIPLES OF HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT (IE)

(Common to all specialties – Anesthesia Technology, Cardiac Technology, Clinical Laboratory Technology, Renal Dialysis Technology, Radiology & Imaging Science Technology, Perfusion Technology, Cath Lab Technology, Blood Banking Technology)

## Unit I: Introduction to management & Organization:

The evolution of Management, Definition and Importance of Management. Planning – Organizing – staffing – Motivating – Leading – Controlling. Management of health care units (in brief). Individual behavior in organization; organizational functioning (Group/Individual); Perception; Motivation MBO; Organizational Development.

## Unit II: Planning and Management of Hospitals & Clinical Services:

Building and physical layout – space required for separate function – Planning of infrastructure facilities, clinical services, equipment & Human resources – Types of Hospitals. Organization and administration of various clinical services; outpatient services. In-patient services, emergency services, operation theatres, ICU's and super specialty services.

## Unit III: Organizing of support clinical services & Hospital management:

Imaging – CSSD – Laboratory – Blood Bank – diet – Medical Records – Mortuary. Housekeeping – Maintenance (Water, Electricity, Civil, Air Conditioning, Lift) – Pest Control – transport – Security. Forecasting – Purchasing & procurement (Sourcing, methods and procedures) – storing & issuing, Concept of inventory control, Maintenance of equipments and contracts (with special reference to major biomedical equipments). Trends in financing of Health and Hospital Services – Classification of Hospitals depending on source of financing – roles of financial institutions.

## Unit IV: Personnel and quality Management in Hospital & Marketing:

Concepts – Manpower planning – Training & Developments – Team Building – Conflict Management – Performance appraisal – Office rules and regulations Outline of Strategic Planning and Marketing.

Concepts of quality – Professional Audit System – QA program – Medical Audit – Quality Circle – TOM – Patient Satisfaction – ISO 9000. A brief outline – computerization in hospital departments. Concept, Techniques, Indicators, Evaluation of Efficiency & Effectiveness evaluation of hospital and medical care services.

## Unit V: Ethical, current issues and Legal Aspects of Hospitals management services:

Laws related to Hospital – Medico Legal Cases law of Torts – Autopsy – Dying delaration – CPA. – Waste Management – Telemedicine – Organ Transplantation – Rehabilitation Service – Health Insurance.

Operations Research and Quantitative Methods in Hospital Administration & Nursing Services in a Hospital.

## 6. COMPREHENSIVE VIVA

# APPLIED ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY, PHARMACOLOGY RELATED TO DIALYSIS (IE)

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

## SEMESTER-IV

	Hrs/Sem Evaluation (Ma						arks)		
S.No	Paper		Р	Internal Assessment		University Exams/ Departments* Exams		Total	Credits
				Т	Р	Т	Р		
1.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-I – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4
2.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-I – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4
3.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-II – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	1	60	-	80	4
4.	Concepts of disease and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology Paper-II – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4
5.	Health Care Management (IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4
6.	Clinical in concepts and outlines of clinical evaluation related to Dialysis Technology: Comprehensive(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

U.E.-University Examination

I.E-Internal Examination

**Total Credits** 

25

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department..

# B.SC. ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES 2017 RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS

## SEMESTER - IV

## 1. CONCEPTS OF DISEASE AND OUTLINES OF CLINICAL EVALUATION RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY – PAPER – I – THEORY (UE)

#### **Unit I: Basic Renal disorders**

- Glomerular Diseases
- · Post infectious glomerulonephritis
- Acute Renal Failure
- Chronic renal Failure chronic kidney disease (CKD)

## Unit II: Acid-Base, Fluids and Electrolyte Disorders

- Metabolic Acidosis
- Metabolic Alkalosis
- Respiratory acidosis and alkalosis
- · Edema and the clinical use of diuretics
- Disorders of sodium (Hyponatremia, Hypernatremia)
- Disorders of potassium metabolism
- Disorders of calcium, and Phosphorous Homeostasis

## Unit III: The Kidney in systemic disease

- Renal function in congestive heart failure
- Renal function in liver disease
- Renal involvement in systemic vacuities
- Renal manifestations in SLE and other rheumatic disorders

## **Unit IV: Diabetic nephropathy**

- Epidemiology
- Pathogenesis
- Diagnosis
- Management
- Prevention

## **Unit V: Renal Biopsy**

- Indications
- Contraindications
- Procedure
- Pre and post biopsy care

# 2. CONCEPTS OF DISEASE AND OUTLINES OF CLINICAL EVALUATION RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PEPER – I – PRACTICAL (UE)

## SPECIMENS AND CHARTS/CASE DISCUSSIONS

- Glomerular Diseases
- Post infectious glomerulone phritis
- Acute Renal Failure
- Chronic renal Failure chronic kidney disease (CKD)
- Acid-Base, Fluids and Electrolyte Disorders
- · Renal function in congestive heart failure
- · Renal function in liver disease
- · Renal involvement in systemic vacuities
- Renal manifestations in SLE and other rheumatic disorders
- Diabetic nephropathy

#### **URINE ANALYSIS**

- Physical examination
- Chemical examination
- Microscopic examination

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks – 60

- 1. SPOTTERS-10 (10X2)
- 2. CHARTS/STATONS 5 (5X4=20)
- 3. VIVA-20

# 3. CONCEPTS OF DISEASE AND OUTLINES OF CLINICAL EVALUATION RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PAPER – II – THEORY (UE)

## Unit I: The Kidney in systemic disease

- Amyloidosis
- Hyperoxaluria
- HUS/TTP
- Heriditary renal disorders
- Kidney disorders in pregnancy

### Unit II: Obstructive Renal disorders

- Obstructive uropathy
- VUR and Reflux nephropathy
- Nephrolithiasis

#### **Unit III: Infectious Diseases**

- Renal diseases associated with HIV infection
- UTI (urinary track infection)

## Unit IV: Drugs and the kidney

- Analgesics and the kidney
- Principles of drug therapy in kidney failure

## **Unit V: Renal hypertension**

- Pathogenesis
- Essential HTN
- Renovascular HTN
- Therapy of HTN

## REFERENCE BOOKS (PATHOLOGY PAPER 1&II)

Text book of pathology - pocket harsh Mohan's

Basic pathology - pocket Robbins

Principles and practice of medicine – davidson's

Kidney diseases in primary care – K. Mandal, Stanly

# 4. CONCEPTS OF DISEASE AND OUTLINES OF CLINICAL EVALUATION RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PAPER -II - PRACTICAL (UE)

## CHARTS/SPOTTERS/SPECIMENS

- Amyloidosis
- Hyperoxaluria
- HUS/TTP
- Heriditary renal disorders
- Kidney disorders in pregnancy
- Obstructive uropathy
- VUR and Reflux nephropathy
- Nephrolithiasis
- Renal diseases associated with HIV infection
- UTI (urinary track infection)
- Drugs and the kidney
- Renal hypertension

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks – 60

- 1. SPOTTERS-10 (10X2=20)
- 2. CHARTS/STATIONS 5 (5X4=20)
- 3. VIVA-20

## 5. HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT (IE)

## **UNIT I: Concept of Health Care and Health Policy**

Health in Medical Care, Indigenous systems of Health Care & their relevance, Framework for Health Policy Development.

## **UNIT II: Health Organisation**

Historical development of Health Care System in the third world & India, Organization & Structure of Health Administration in India, Type of Health Organization including International Organizations, Private & Voluntary Health care provider, Distribution of Health Care Services, Health Care System in Public Sector Organization, Health systems of Various Countries.

## **UNIT III: Health Policy and National Health Programme**

National Health Policy, Drug Policy, National Health Programs (Malaria, T.B., Blindness, AIDS etc.,) Evaluation of Health Programs (Developing indicators for evaluation), Medical Education & Health Manpower Development.

#### **UNIT IV: Health Economics-Fundamentals of Economics**

Scope & Coverage, Demand for Health Services, Health as an Investment, Population, health of Economic Development Economics of Health-

Population based health services, Economics of Communicable and Non Communicable diseases

## **UNIT V: Methods & Techniques of Economic Evaluation of Health Program**

Cost Benefit & Cost Effective Methods.

### Household & Health

Health Expenditure & Outcome, Rationale for Government action, Household capacity, income and schooling

Health Insurance.

## **6. COMPREHENSIVE VIVA**

# CONCEPTS OF DISEASE AND OUTLINES OF CLINICAL EVALUATION RELATED TO DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY (IE)

**Total Credits** 

25

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

## **SEMESTER-V**

	<u></u>	Hrs/Sem				Evaluation (Marks)				
S.No	Paper		Р	Internal Assessment		University Exams/ Departments* Exams		Total	Credits	
				Т	Р	Т	Р			
1.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4	
2.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4	
3.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I I– Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4	
4.	Dialysis Technology - Part-I – Paper-I I– Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4	
5.	Hospital Products, Promotion, Sales & Public relations (or) Physician's Office Management(IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4	
6	Clinicals in Dialysis Technology: Comprehensive viva(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5	

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

U.E.-University Examination

I.E-Internal Examination.

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department

# B.SC. ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES 2017 RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY

## SEMESTER - V

**SYLLABUS** 

## 1. DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART – I PAPER I

## Unit I: Introduction to hemodialysis

- Dialysis Team (Doctors, Technologist, Nurses, Technician, Renal Dietician- right, responsibilities and relationship with patients)
- Basic chemistry of body fluids and Electrolytes
- · History of Hemo dialysis
- Principles of Hemo dialysis
- Indications for dialysis
- Types of Hemo dialysis
- Types of dialysers

#### **Unit II: Water Treatment**

- Purpose of water treatment
- Filtration
- Softener and carbon filtration
- Deioniser
- RO system
- Ultrafiltration

## **Unit III: Hemodialysis Equipment**

- Components and function HD equipments
- Dialyser membrances Types and biocompatibility
- Types of dialyser
- Hemodialysis adequacy

- Anticoagulation
- Composition of dialysate
- Dialyser reprocessing and reuse of dialysers

## Unit IV: Vascular access

- History
- Types of access
- Access care
- Access complications and management
- Vascular access recirculation

## Unit V: General aspects

- Infection control and universal precautions
- · Psychosocial aspects of dialysis
- Drugs and dialysis

## REFERENCE BOOKS (HD paper I & II)

Hand Book of Dialysis – I.T.Daugirdas

Dialysis therapy – Allen R. Nissenson, Richard N. Fine

## **2.DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART – I PAPER I**

## CHARTS/SLIDES/SPOTTERS

- Dialysis Team (Doctors, Technologist, Nurses, Technician, Renal Dietician- rights, responsibilities and relationship with patients)
- · Basic chemistry of body fluids and Electrolytes
- History, principles and indications of Hemodialysis
- IV fluids used in dialysis patients
- Types of Hemo dialysis
- Water Treatment system
- Dialyser membranes Types and biocompatibility
- Types of dialyser
- · Hemodialysis adequacy
- Anticoagulation
- · Composition of dialysate
- Infection control and universal precautions
- Psychosocial aspects of dialysis
- Drugs and dialysis

## CASE STUDY / HEMODIALYSIS PROCEDURES

- Preparing the concentration of the dialysate depending upon the situation
- Priming
- Vascular access assessment
- Skin suturing
- · Temporary catheter care and its exit site dressing
- Dialyser reprocessing and reuse of dialysers

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks – 60

- 1. SPOTTERS & CHARTS 10 (10X2=20)
- 2. CASE PRESENTATION & PROCEDURES 20
- 3. VIVA-20

## 3. DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART - I PAPER II

## Unit I

- Quality assurance in dialysis
- High flux and high efficiency dialysis
- Machine monitoring during hemodialysis

## Unit II

- Patient assessment & Complications General, pre, intra and post dialysis
- Lab data analysis
- · Acute complications during hemodialysis

## **Unit III**

· Hemodialysis in infants and children

## **Unit IV: SPECIAL PROCEDURES**

- Slow continuous therapies
- Plasmapheresis
- Hemoperfusion
- MARS

## **Unit V**

· Current research in hemodialysis

## 4. DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART - I PAPER II

## CHARTS/SLIDES/SPOTTERS/CASE STUDY

- · Quality assurance in dialysis
- High flux and high efficiency dialysis
- · Hemodialysis in infants and children
- · Acute complications in hemodialysis patients
- CRRT (continuous renal replacement therapy)
- Plasmapherfusion
- Hemoperfusion
- MARS (molecular adsorbent re circulating system)
- Nutrition management in hemodialysis patients
- Prevention of blood adulteration
- Current research in hemodialysis

### **HEMODIALYSIS PROCEDURES**

- Patient assessment General, pre, intra and post dialysis
- Machine monitoring during hemodialysis/setting of dialysis machine
- Initiation of dialysis through Central venous catheter
- AV fistula/AV graft cannulation
- Sequential dialysis
- Sodium profiling
- Termination (closing of dialysis)

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks-60

- 1. SPOTTERS & CHARTS -10 (10X2=20)
- 2. CASE PRESENTATION & PROCEDURES 20
- 3. VIVA-20

## 5.HOSPITAL PRODUCTS, PROMOTION, SALES AND PUBLIC RELATION

#### Unit I:

### An introduction to Marketing

Role of marketing in Business management – Evolution and definition of marketing – Concepts of Marketing – Service vs. Products – Management of Service Management process.

#### Services Marketing

Classification of services – Characteristics of services and their marketing implication – Selecting appropriate tools for marketing.

#### Unit II:

#### Component of Service Marketing

Product Planning, Market research system – Market segmentation – Targeting – Positioning – Launching new service – Concept of product life cycle, Pricing, Setting the price – Economic Theory – Responding to price change, Physical Distribution, Major Aspects – Channels of distribution – Selection of channel, Promotion, Role of communication – Promotion mix – Advertising (Media – budget – Cost effectiveness – (attributing to hospitals a human face – Good will – image building among major public), Sales promotion (techniques – Evaluation), Direct selling (Sales force – Evaluation), Physical Environment, Process, People.

#### Unit III:

#### Analysing Markets and Buyer Behaviour

Model of consumer behaviour – Factors influencing buyer behaviour – Buying decision process.

## · Branding of a Hospital Facility

Brand name and concept – Positioning hospitals – Developing and USP – Brand image – Image building – long term and short term activities.

#### **Unit IV:**

#### Other Marketing routes for Health Care Units

Interpersonal communication – Print materials institutional marketing – seminars – conference.

#### Marketing Strategies for Hospital

Managing Differentiation – Service Quality – Productivity – Products support service.

## Unit V:

Evaluating and Controlling Market Performance

Annual plan control (sales analysis – market share analysis – Marketing expense to sales analysis – Financial analysis), Profitability control, Efficiency control, Strategic control.

One case study related to Hospital Marketing

**OR** 

## PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE MANAGEMENT

## **UNIT I. Outpatient Section**

Registration of new cases, Registration of repeat cases, Patient record guide, Laboratory X-Ray report & reports filing, Alpha index typing & Filing, O.P. Records coding (disease & indexing), O.P. records retrieval, O.P. Statistics.

## **UNIT II. Inpatient Section**

Admitting office procedure, Inpatient record removal & forwarding, Ward Census,

## UNIT III. Assembling & deficiency checks, I.P. record coding & indexing,

## **UNIT IV. Discharge Analysis**

Incomplete record control, Completed record control, Medico legal procedures & issue of Medical certification, Record retention & destruction of O.P. & I.P. records,

#### **UNIT V. Miscellaneous**

Hospital reception, Secretarial practice, Library (Medical)

# 6. CLINICALS IN DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY: COMPREHENSIVE VIVA (IE)

**Total Credits** 

25

## RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SCHEME OF EXAMINATION 2017

## **SEMESTER-VI**

	Hrs/Sem						Evaluation (Marks)				
S.No	Paper			Interna Assess		University Exams/ Departments* Exams		Total	Credits		
				Т	Р	Т	Р				
1.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II Paper-I – Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4		
2.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II Paper-I – Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4		
3.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II - Paper-I I– Theory(UE)	60	-	20	-	60	-	80	4		
4.	Dialysis Technology – Part-II Paper-I I– Practical(UE)	-	120	-	20	-	60	80	4		
5.	Trauma & Cardiac Life Support(IE)	60	-	20	-	60*	-	80	4		
6.	Clinicals in Dialysis Technology: Comprehensive viva(IE)	-	180	-	25	-	75*	100	5		

Total No. of Hours-600 hours.

U.E.-University Examination

I.E-Internal Examination.

<sup>\*</sup>These examinations shall be conducted by the respective department.

# B.SC. ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES 2013-2014 RENAL DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY SYLLABUS

## **SEMESTER – VI**

## 1.DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART - II PAPER I

## **UNIT I: Introduction to peritioneal dialysis**

- History of peritoneal dialysis
- Physiology of PD Kinetics of PD,
- Acute peritoneal dialysis
- Inidications and contraindications for chronic PD

## **UNIT II: PD apparatus**

- Solution
- Transfer set,
- Connectologiesl.
- Access for CPAD
- Catheter and exit site care

## **UNIT III: PD process & Therapies**

- Assessment of peritoneal membrane permeability
- Adequacy of peritoneal dialysis
- PD therapies intermittent & continuous

## **UNIT IV: PD complications & management**

- Non infectious complications of PD Mechanical and metabolic
- Infectious complications of PD,
- Patient Education

## **UNIT V: Transplantation and current research**

- Types of renal donor & cadaver donor maintenance
- Recipient and donor workup for renal transplantation
- Principles of post transplant management and follow up
- Current research in PD and Transplantation

## REFERENCE BOOKS (PD paper I & II)

- Hand Book of Dialysis J.T. Daugirdas
- Text Book of Peritoneal Dialysis G. Abraham
- Hand Book of Kidney Transplantation Gabriel M. Danovitch

## 2. DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART - II PAPER I

## CHARTS/SLIDES/SPOTTERS

- History of peritoneal dialysis
- Physiology of PD Kinetics of PD
- Acute peritoneal dialysis
- PD solution
- Transfer set
- Adequacy of peritoneal dialysis

## **CASE STUDY**

- Non infectious complications of PD Mechanical and metabolic
- Infectious complications of PD
- Patient Education
- Types of renal donor & cadaver donor maintenance
- Recipient and donor workup for renal transplantation
- Principles of post transplant management and follow up

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks – 60

- 1. SPOTTERS & CHARTS 10 (10X2=20)
- 2. CASE PRESENTATION & PROCEDURES 20
- 3. VIVA-20

## 3. DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART – II PAPER II

## **UNIT I: Systemic diseases in dialysis patients**

- Nutrition in dialysis patient
- · Diabetes in dialysis patient
- Hypertension in dialysis patient
- Serum enzyme levels
- Hematologic abnormalities

## UNIT II: Systemic and infectious diseases in dialysis patients

- Infections in dialysis patients
- Endocrine disturbances
- Bone disease
- Aluminium toxicity
- Sleep disorders

## **UNIT III: Special problems**

- Musculoskeletal & rheumatologic diseases in CRF patients
- Special problems pertaining to Heart & circulatory system in CRF patient,
- Special problems pertaining to digestive tract in CRF patients
- Special problems pertaining to genitourinary tract and male reproductive organs in CRF patient
- Special problems pertaining to obstetrics & gynaecology in CRF patient
- Special problems pertaining to nervous system in CRF patient.

#### **UNITIV**

- Common urosurgical procedures, instrument & their management
- ESWL

## **UNIT V**

Principles of ICU care

## 4. DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY PART - II PAPER II

#### CHARTS/SLIDES/SPOTTERS/CASE STUDY

- Diabetes in dialysis patient
- Hypertension in dialysis patient
- Serum enzyme levels
- · Hematologic abnormalities
- Infections in dialysis patients
- Endocrine disturbances
- Bone disease
- Aluminium toxicity
- Nutrition management in peritoneal dialysis patients

Introduction to the science of nutrition

Definition

Food pattern and its relation to health

Factors influencing food habits

Selection off food stuffs

Food storage and preservation

- Sleep disorders
- ESWL
- Principles of ICU care

## **PD PROCEDURE**

- PD Catheter and exit site care
- Performance of PD exchanges manually
- Setting up of automated PD equipments
- First assessment in minor procedures
- PET analysis

**CPR** demonstration

## Exam pattern (UE) Total marks – 60

- 1. SPOTTERS & CHARTS 10 (10X2=20)
- 2. CASE PRESENTATION & PROCEDURES 20
- 3. VIVA-

## 5. TRAUMA LIFE & CARDIAC LIFE SUPPORT

## **UNIT I. TRAUMA LIFE (Part 1)**

- BLS,
- TRIAGE
  - a. Primary Survey
  - b. Secondary Survey
- Airway & Ventilatory management
- Shock
- Central & peripheral venous access
- Thoracic trauma Tension pneumothorax
- Other thoracic injuries
- Abdominal trauma Blunt injuries
- Abdominal trauma Penetrating injuries

## UNIT II. TRAUMA LIFE (Part 2)

- Spine and spinal cord trauma
- Head trauma
- Musculoskeletal trauma
- Electrical injuries
- Thermal burns
- Cold injury

## **UNIT III. TRAUMA LIFE (Part 3)**

- Paediatric trauma
- Trauma in pregnant women
- Workshop BLS
- · Workshop cervical spine immobilization
- Imaging studies in trauma

## **UNIT IV. CARDIAC LIFE SUPPORT (Part 1)**

- BLS
- The universal algorithm for adult ECC
- · Ventricular fibrillation / Pulseless ventricular tachycardia algorithm
- Pulseless electrical activity (PEA) / asystole algorithm
- Bradycardia treatment algorithm
- Tachycardia Treatment algorithm

## **UNIT V. CARDIAC LIFE SUPPORT (Part 2)**

- Hypotension/Shock
- Acute myocardial infarction
- Paediatric Advanced life support
- · Airway management
- Defibrillation
- Drugs used in ACLS
- SEmergency Cardiac pacing
- AED
- · Techniques for oxygenation and ventilation

# 6. CLINICALS IN DIALYSIS TECHNOLOGY: COMPREHENSIVE VIVA (IE)











## Published By:

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